

Considering Resource Demand Misalignments To Reduce Resource Over-Provisioning in Cloud Datacenters

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Cloud Computing

- Cloud computing: large groups of remote servers networked to allow centralized data storage and online access to computer services or resources



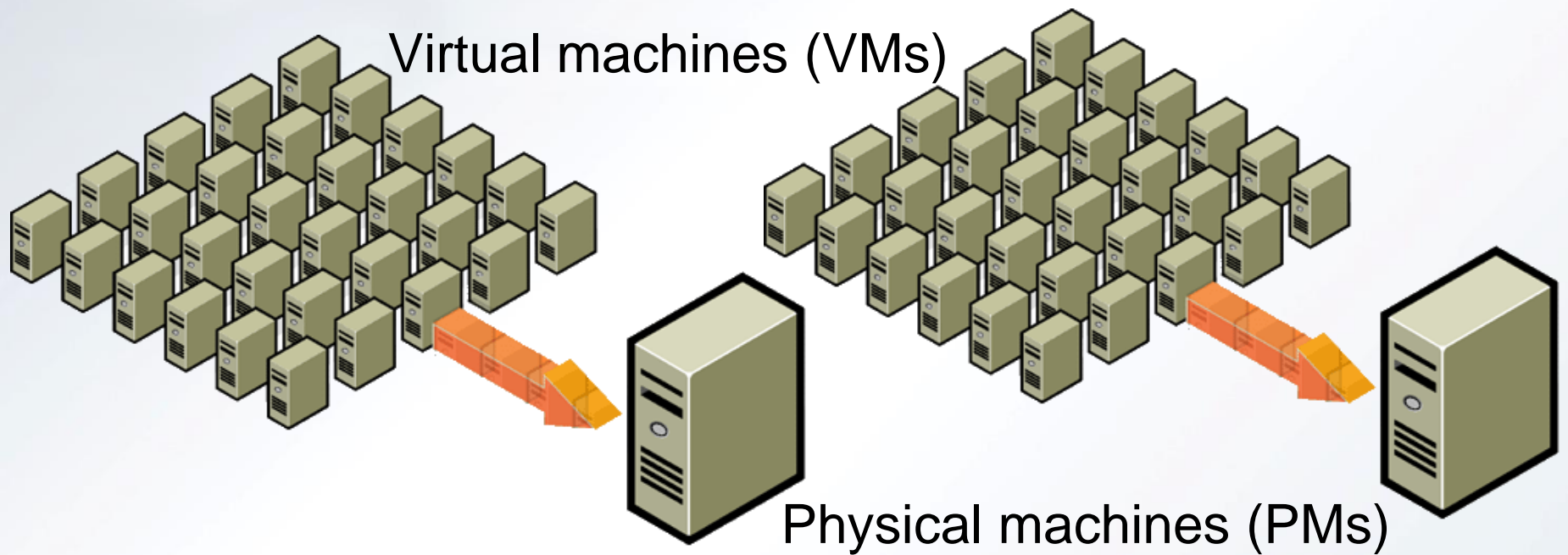
Cloud Providers



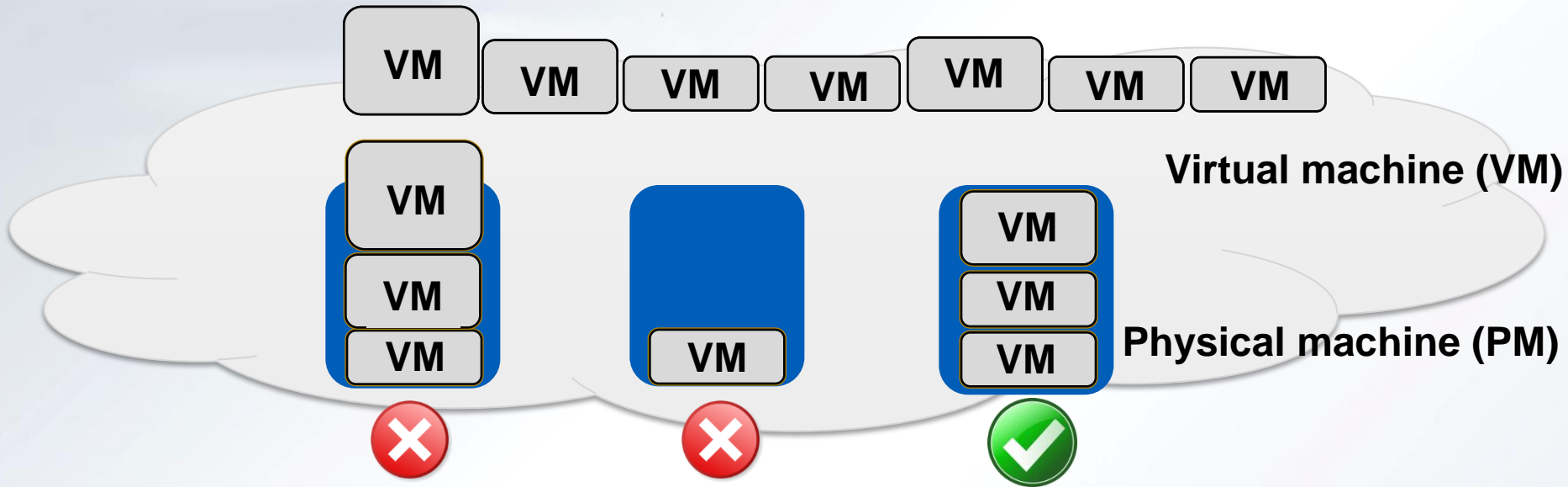
Cloud Customers



Research Problem and Goal



Motivation



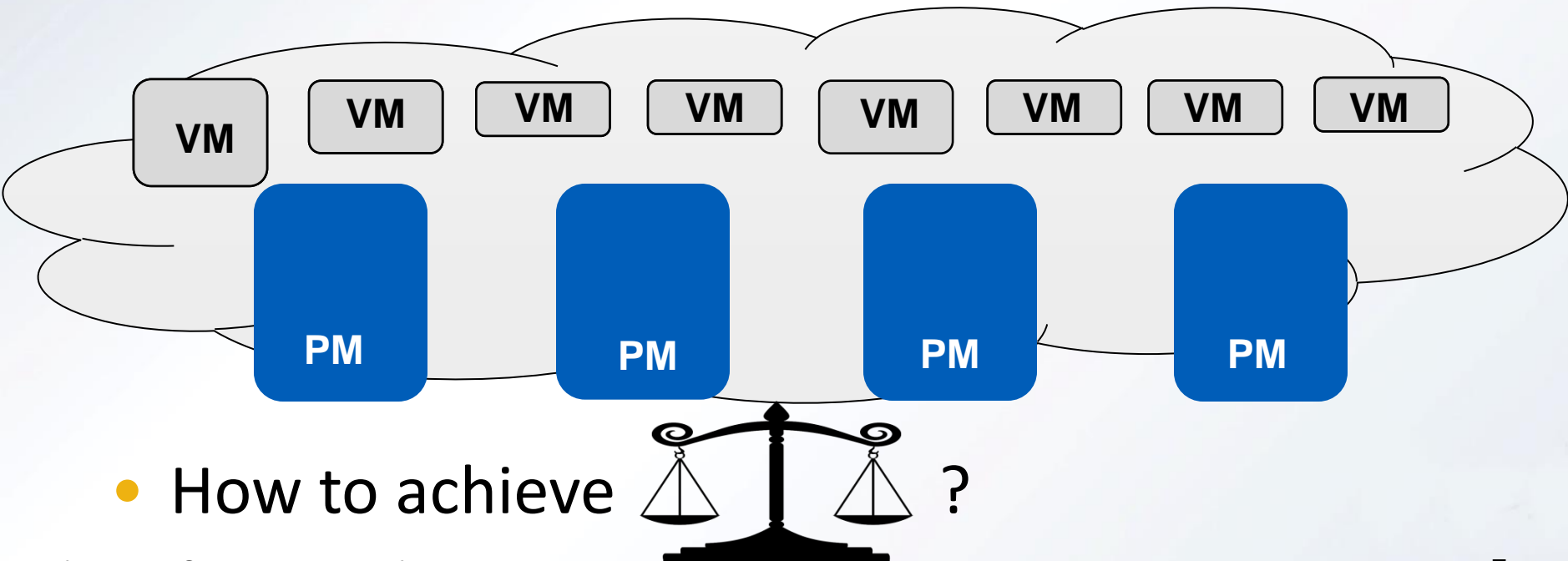
- **Over-loaded PMs** → low QoS → SLO violation → penalty
- **Under-loaded PMs** → resource waste → high system cost
- Problem: reduce **over-loaded** and **under-loaded** PMs
- Goal: high QoS, high resource efficiency, high profit



Initial Complementary VM Consolidation

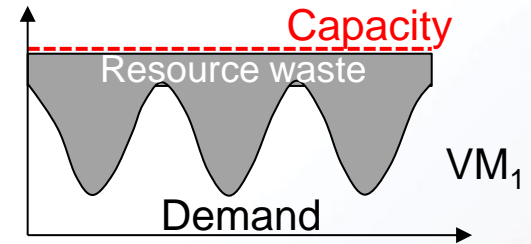
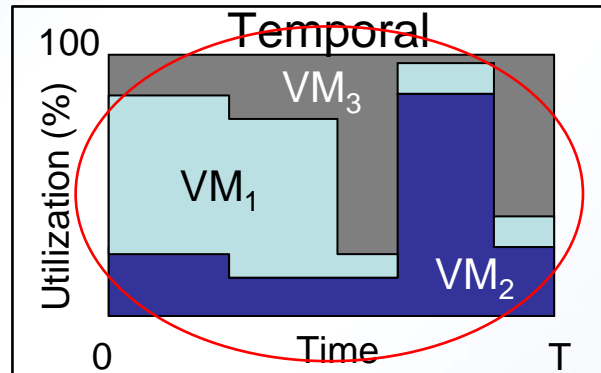
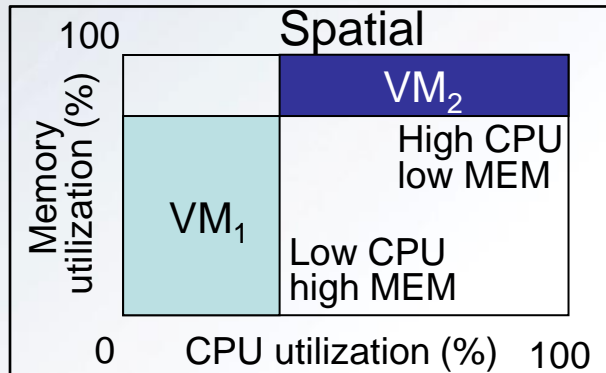
- Previous work (CompVM):

L. Chen and H. Shen, Consolidating Complementary VMs with Spatial/Temporal-awareness in Cloud Datacenters, *Proc. of the 33rd Annual IEEE International Conference on Computer Communications (INFOCOM'14)*, Toronto, Canada, 2014

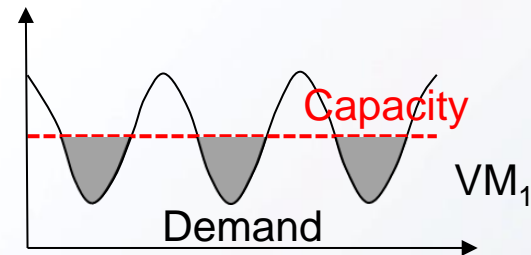


Initial Complementary VM Consolidation – Motivation

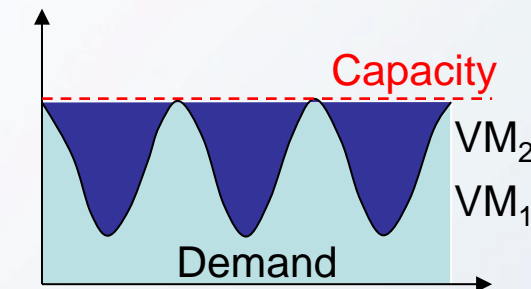
CompVM: load balance in the **long term**
consolidate complementary VMs



❌ Under-loaded PMs



❌ Over-loaded PMs

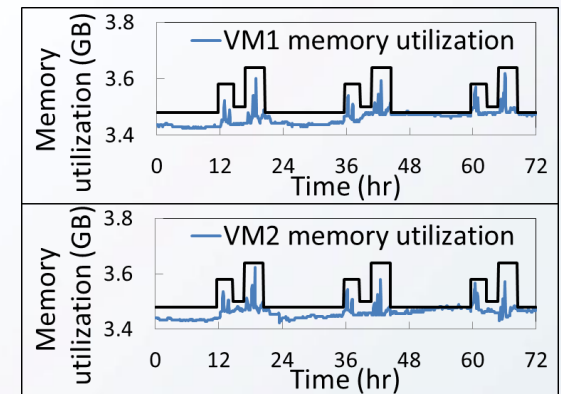
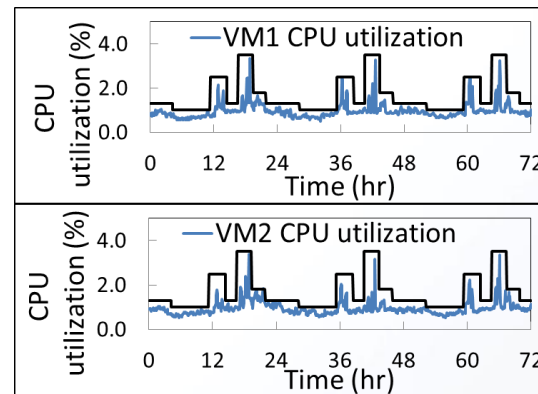
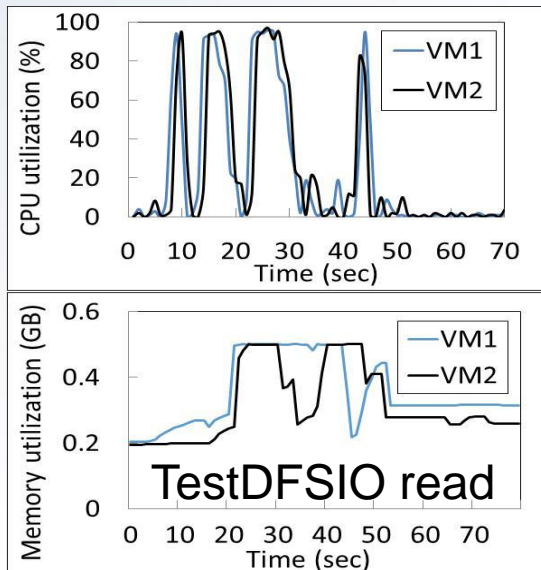


✅ No under/over-loaded PMs

Patterns?

Initial Complementary VM Consolidation – VM Utilization Pattern

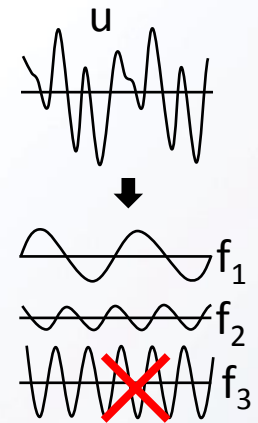
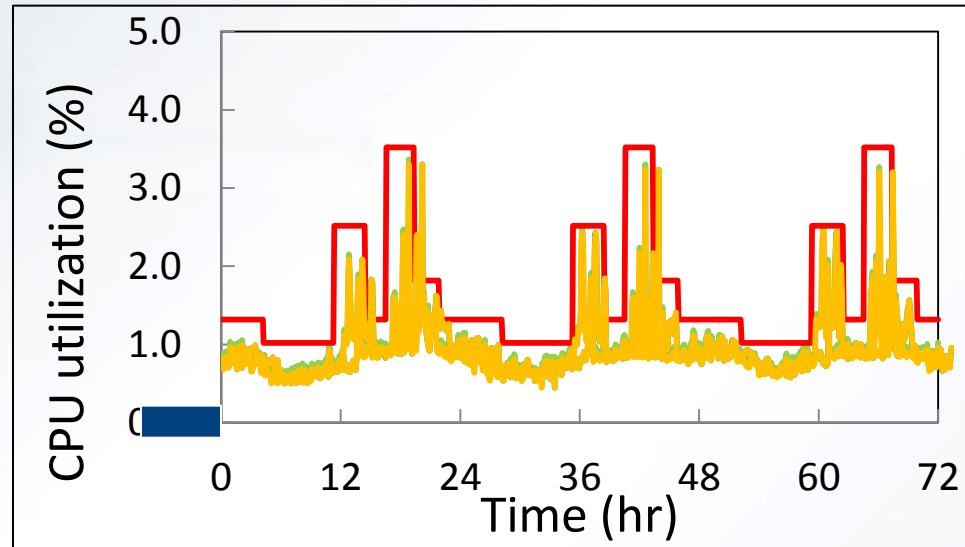
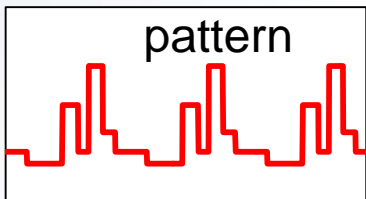
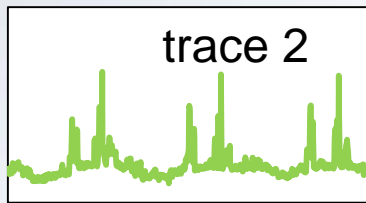
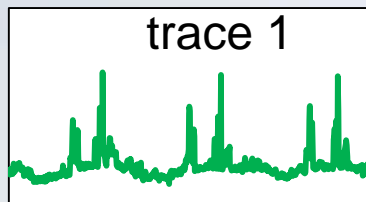
- Measurement:
 - MapReduce jobs: TeraSort, TestDFSIO read/write
 - Google cluster trace,  trace
- Periodic resource utilization patterns exist in many VMs running
 - the same short-term job
 - a long-term job



Google cluster trace

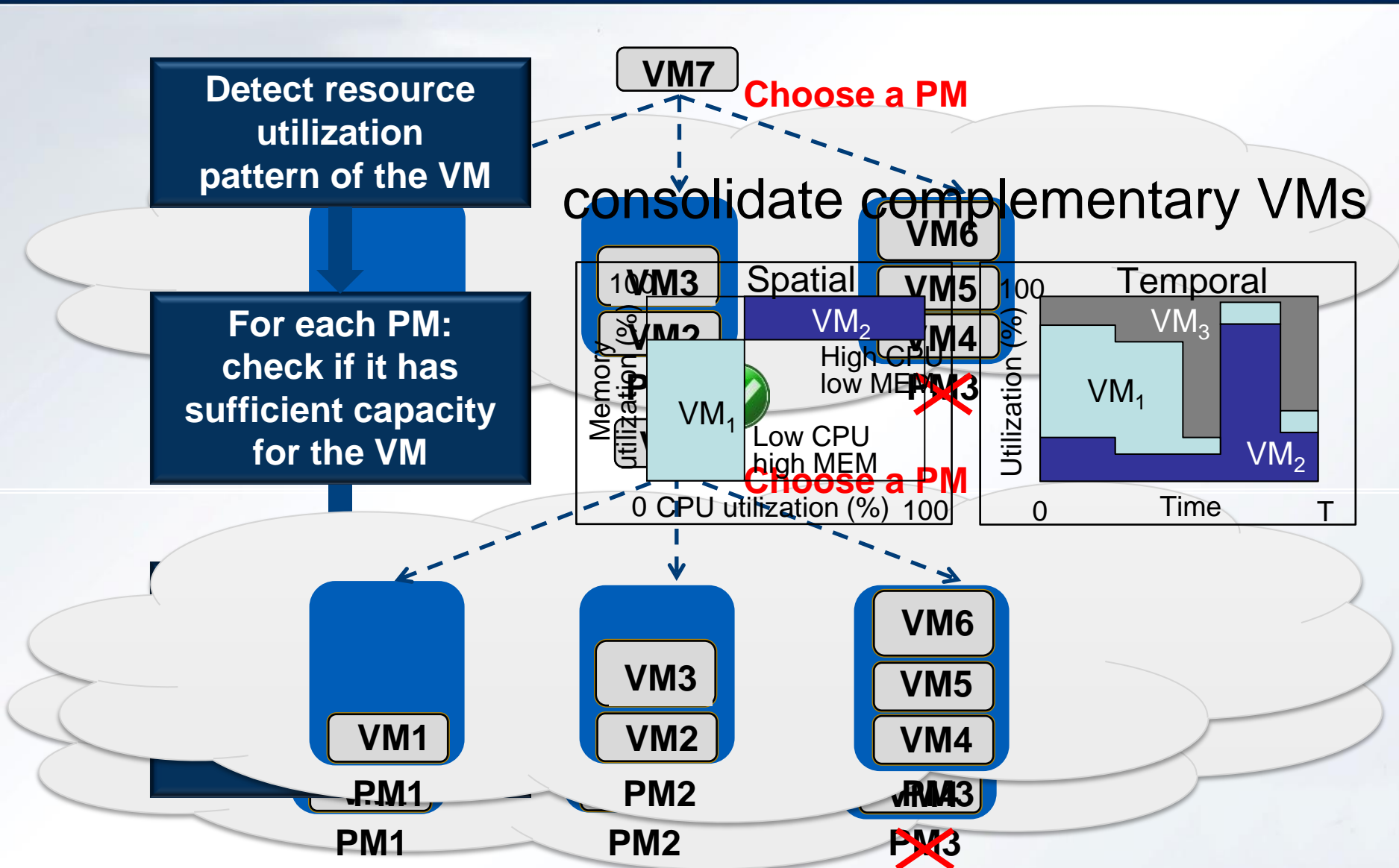
Initial Complementary VM

Consolidation – Utilization Pattern Detection



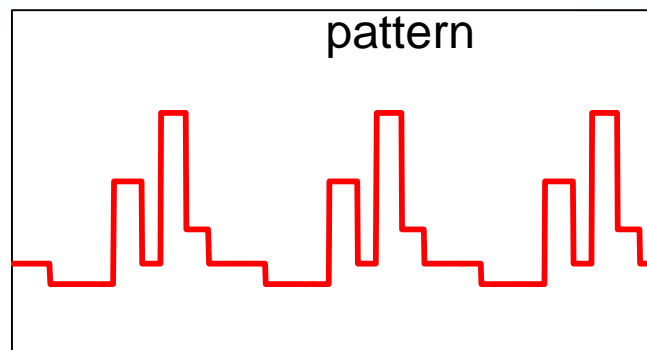
Initial Complementary VM

Consolidation – VM Allocation Method



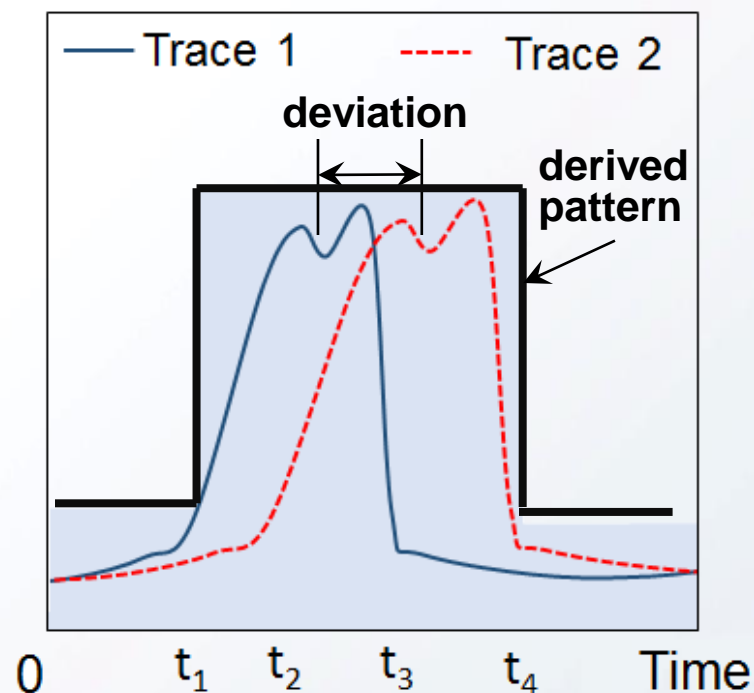
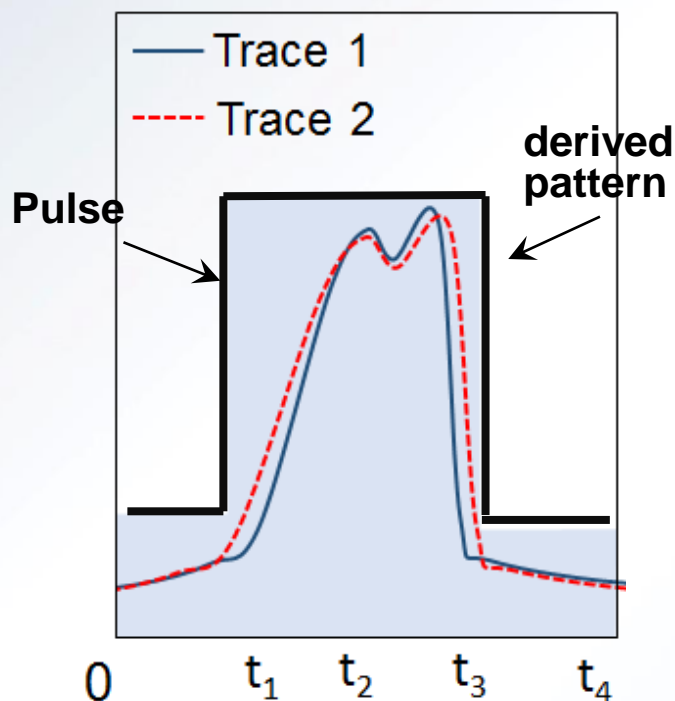
Subject of this paper:

**How to reduce resource utilization
prediction error**



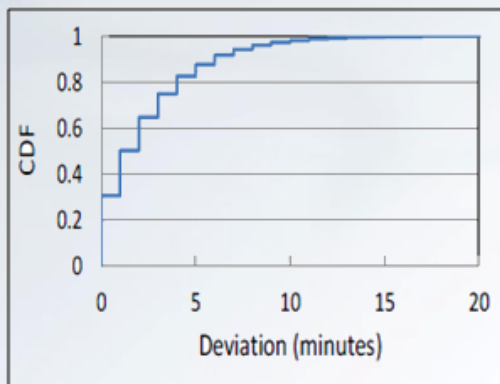
– Reduce Provisioned Resource

- **Pulse deviation** yields a pattern with a pulse width larger than the actual pulse width
- Resource over-provisioning
- Not revealed or studied before

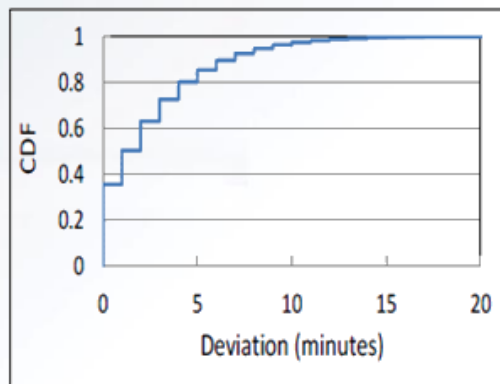


VM Consolidation – Trace Study

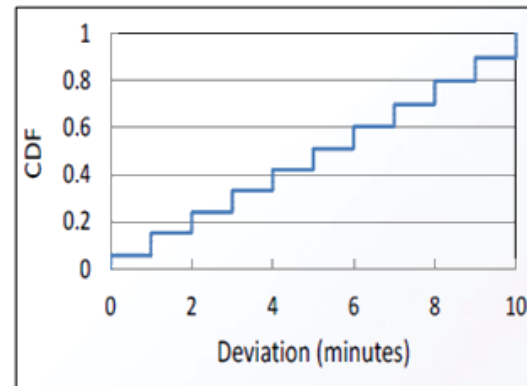
- Pulse deviations are common



(a) Google CPU trace.



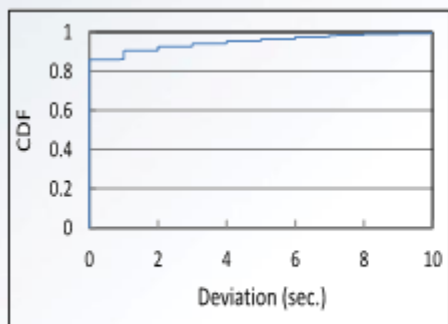
(b) Google memory trace.



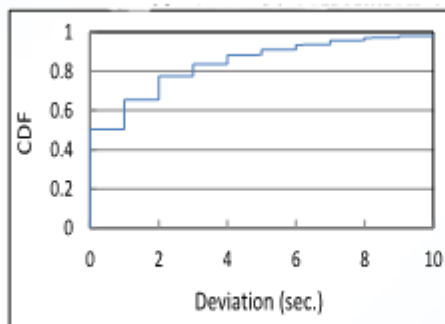
PlanetLab trace

Google Cluster trace 100 jobs, 29920 tasks

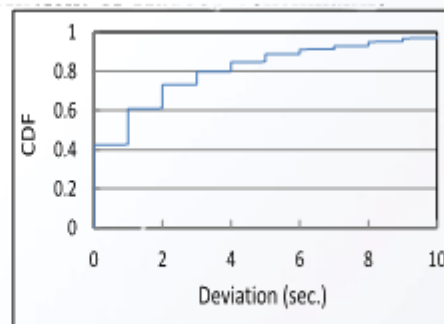
1000 jobs, 4695 tasks



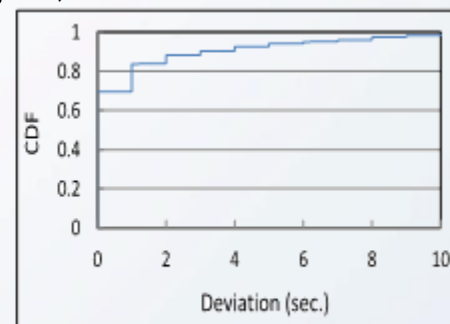
(a) CPU utilization



(b) RX bandwidth utilization



(c) I/O utilization



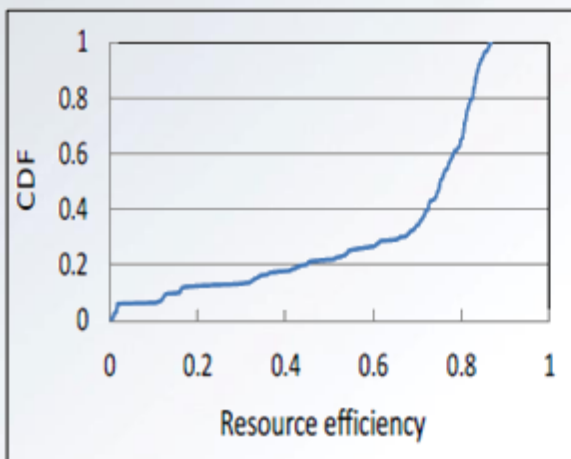
(d) Memory utilization

MapReduce benchmarks on a HPC cluster (Wordcount, Grep, Terasort, TestDFSIO and PiEstimator)

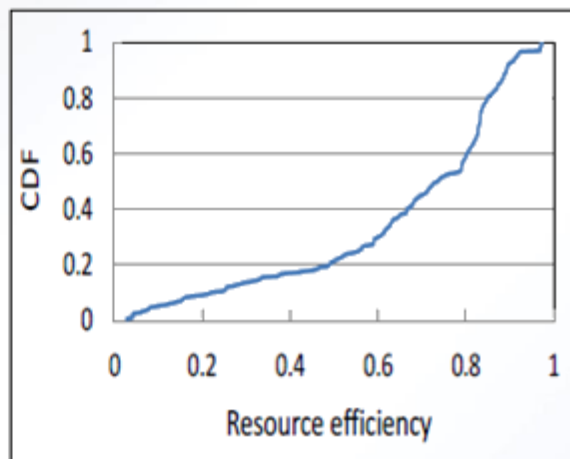
Average task execution time is around 100 minutes/seconds

VM Consolidation – Trace Study

- Resource efficiency: demand/capacity
- Even using CompVM, the resource efficiency still needs to improve



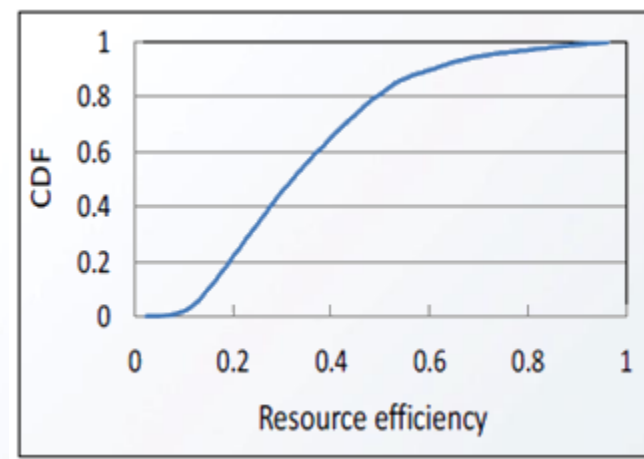
(a) CPU efficiency.



(b) Memory efficiency.

Google Cluster trace

100 jobs, 1550 tasks

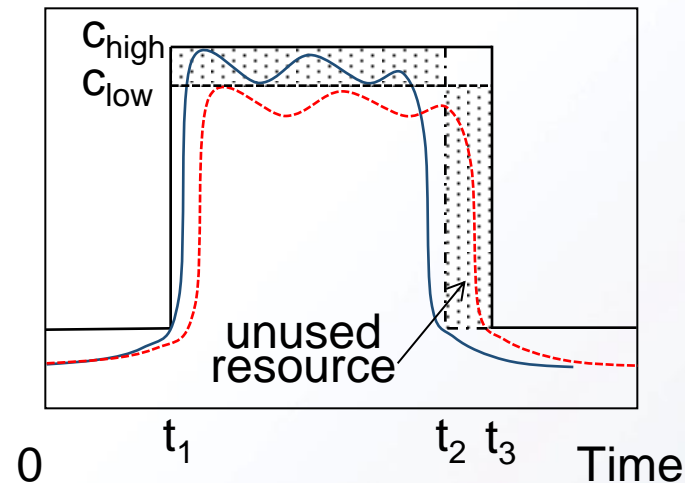


PlanetLab trace

1000 jobs, 4695 tasks

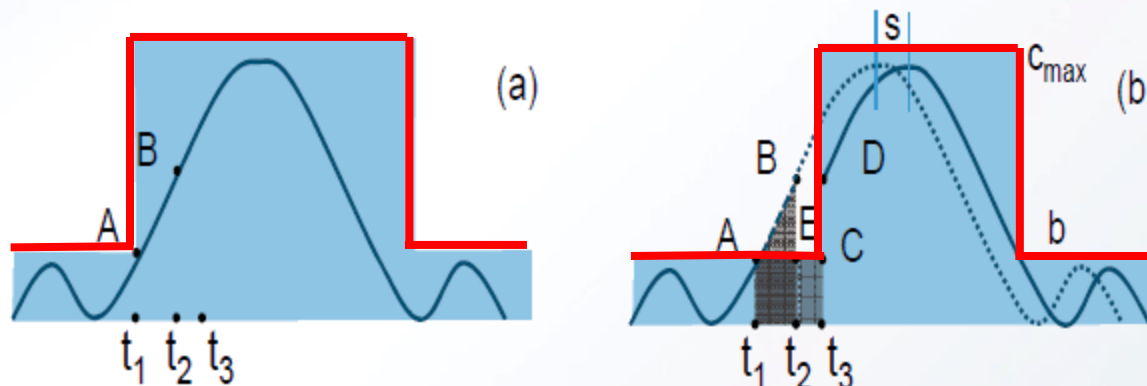
– Pattern Refinement Methodology

- Pattern refinement methods
 - Lowering cap: lower each value in the pattern by $C_{\text{high}} - C_{\text{low}}$
 - Reducing pulse width
 - Optimal base provisioning



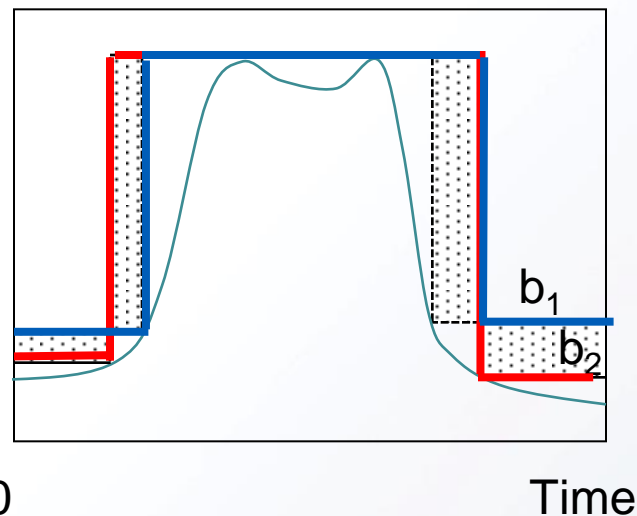
– Pattern Refinement Methodology

- Pattern refinement methods
 - Lowering cap
 - Reducing pulse width: postpone the pulse from t_1 to t_3
 - Optimal base provisioning



– Pattern Refinement Methodology

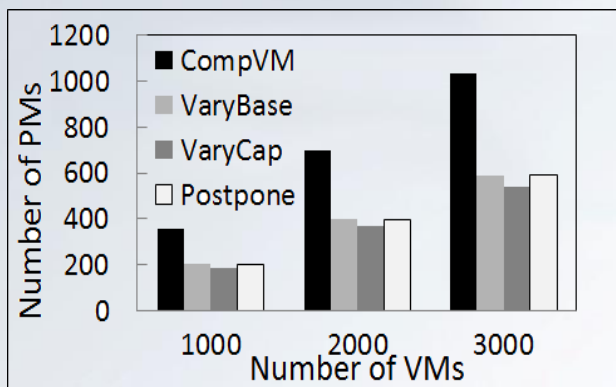
- Pattern refinement methods
 - Lowering cap
 - Reducing pulse width
 - **Optimal base provisioning**
refine pattern based on optimal b value that maximizes resource efficiency



– Pattern Refinement Methodology

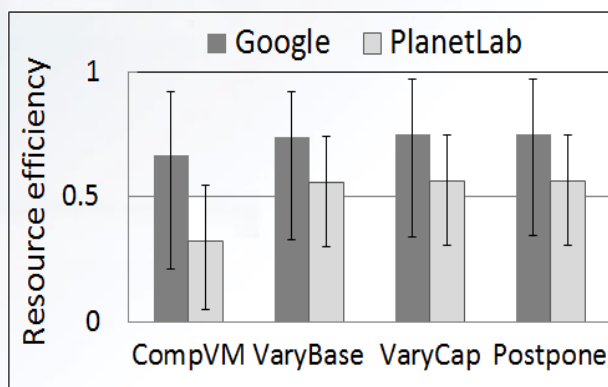
- Pattern refinement methods
 - Lowering cap
 - Reducing pulse width
 - Optimal base provisioning
- Risk violating SLOs

VM Consolidation – Performance Evaluation

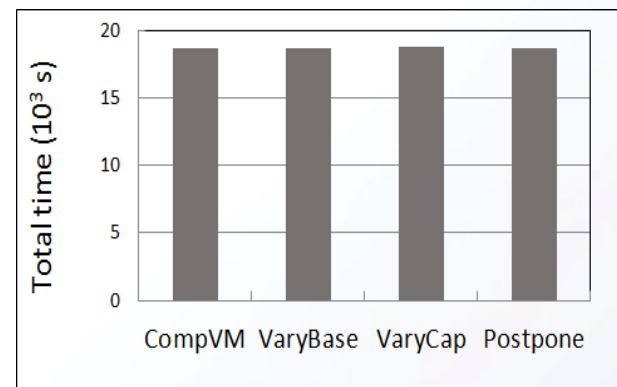


Google Cluster trace

Improve by 40%



Improve by 10%, 70%



Cluster experiment

2000 VMs, CloudSim, Palmetto HPC cluster, Traces: NAS Parallel Benchmark, Googlecluster, PLANETLAB

Pattern refinement yields higher resource efficiency without compromising VM performance by **handling pulse deviations!**

Conclusion

- Trace study
 - Pulse deviations are common
 - Even using CompVM, the resource efficiency still needs to improve
- Pattern refinement methods
 - Lowering cap
 - Reducing pulse width
 - Optimal base provisioning
- Experiments
 - Higher resource efficiency without compromising VM performance

Future Work

- Consider other factors (e.g., SLOs) in VM consolidation
- Consider VM migration



Thank you!
Questions & Comments?



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