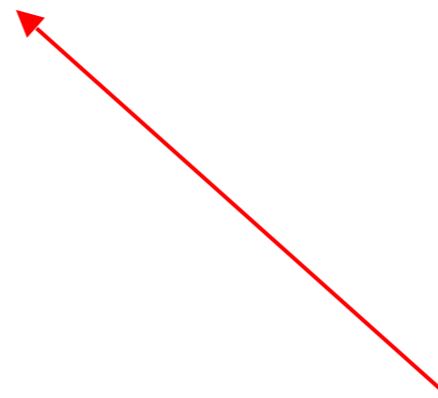
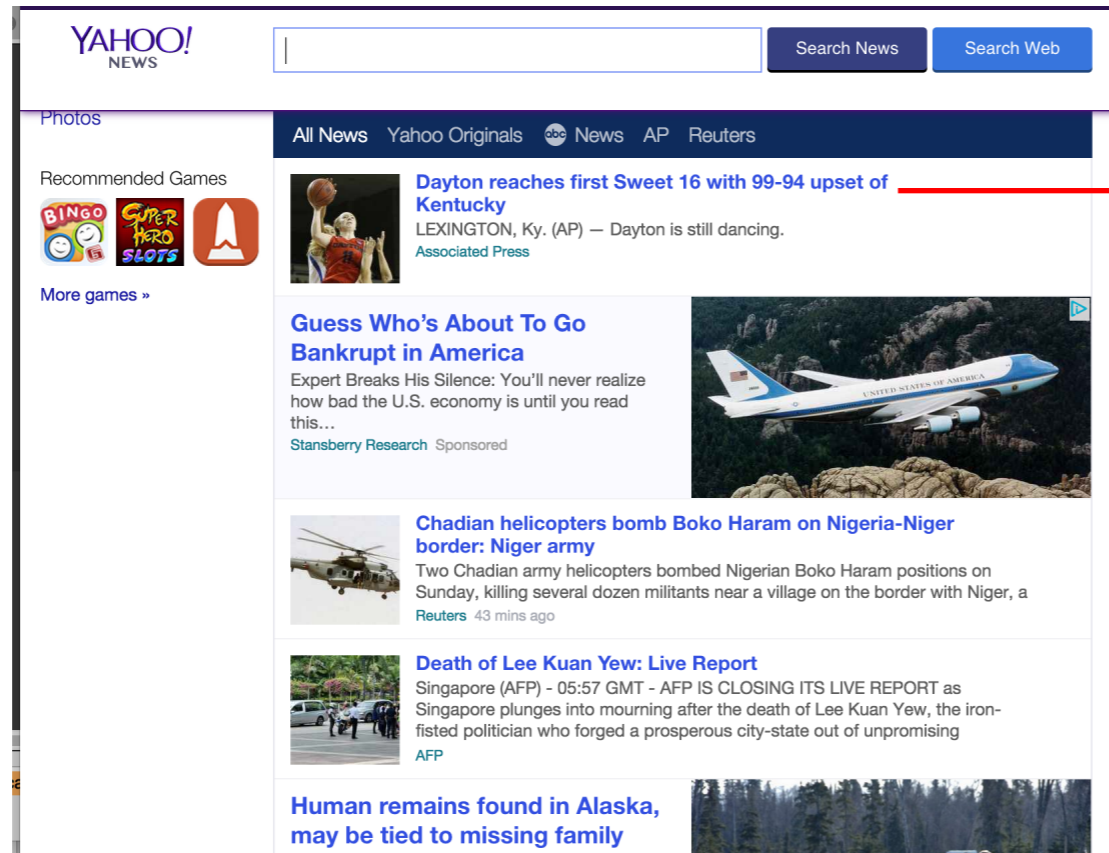


A Bandit Approach to Personalized News Article Recommendation



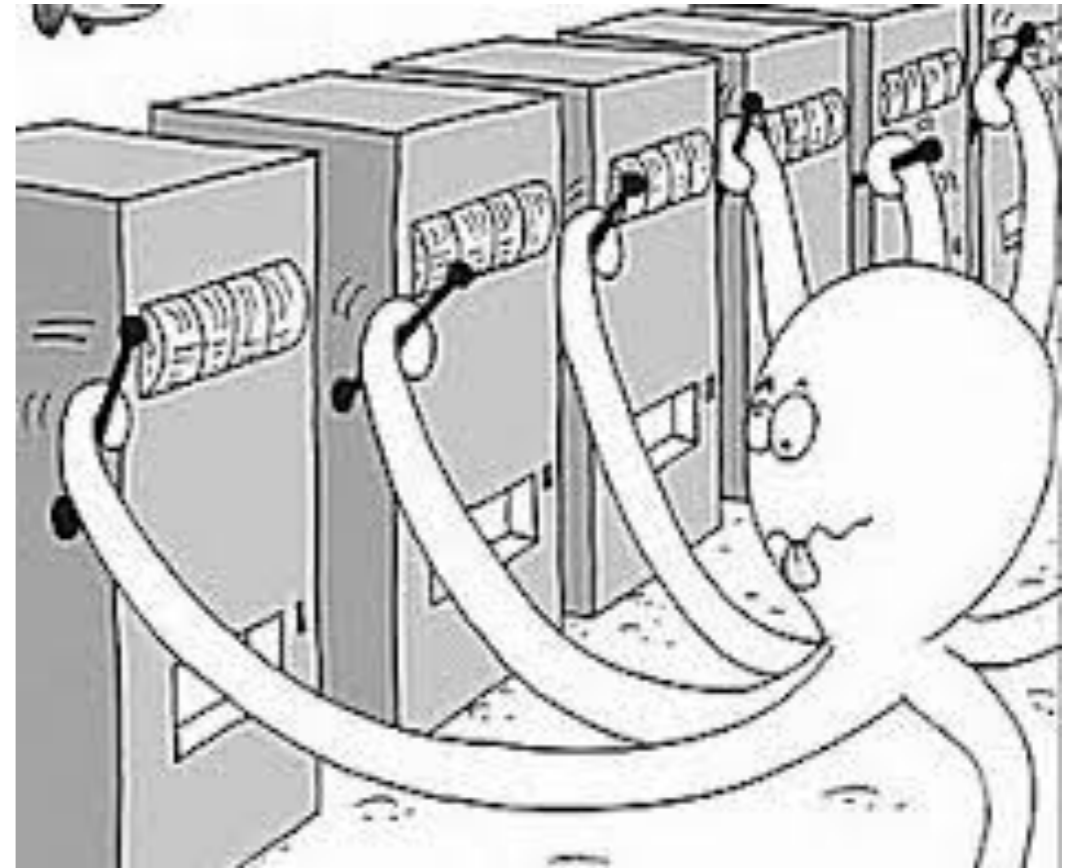
Qingyun Wu

News Recommendation Cycle



A K-armed Bandit Formulation

- A **gambler** must decide which of the K non-identical slot machines (we called them **arms**) to **play** in a sequence of trials in order to maximize total **reward**.



News Website \leftrightarrow gambler
Candidate news articles \leftrightarrow arms
User Click \leftrightarrow Reward

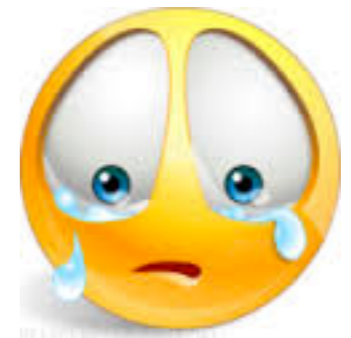
How to pull arms to maximize reward?

How to select articles to serve users to maximize user clicks

Ideal Solution

Pick $\arg \max_a \mu_a$

But we DO NOT know the mean.



Let's estimate it

Choices	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5	X_6	...
a_1					1	1	
a_2	0		1	0			
...							
a_k		0					

Time →



Exploitation VS. Exploration

Exploitation: pull an arm for which we current have the highest estimate of mean of reward



Exploration: Pull an arm we never pulled before

Not only look at the **mean**, but also the **confidence!**

Pick $\arg \max_a (\hat{\mu}_a + \alpha * UCB)$

UCB1

$$\arg \max_a (\hat{\mu}_a + \sqrt{\frac{2 \ln T}{n_a}})$$



LinUCB (Contextual)

- **Article feature**: URL categories, topic categories
- **User feature**: demographic information, geographic features, behavioral categories

LinUCB(Contextual)

Assumption

$$E(y_{t,n} | x_{t,n}) = x_{t,n}^T \theta_n$$

Article Feature Vector

User preference

Parameter Estimation

$$\hat{\theta}_n = A_n^{-1} b_n$$

$$A_n = \lambda I + \sum_t x_{t,n} x_{t,n}^T \quad b_n = \sum_t y_{t,n} x_{t,n}$$

Pick $\arg \max_a (x_{t,n}^T \hat{\theta}_n + \alpha \sqrt{x_{t,n}^T (D_n^T D_n + I_d) x_{t,n}})$



From LinUCB to Collaborative-LinUCB



If user i and user j are connected
by an edge, $W_{ij} > 0$

Otherwise $W_{ij} = 0$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N W_{ij} = 1 \quad \sum_{j=1}^N W_{ij} = 1$$

Assumption

$$E(r_{t,n} | x_{t,n}) = x_{t,n}^T \theta_n \quad \longrightarrow \quad E(r_{t,n} | x_{t,n}) = x_{t,n}^T \sum_j^N W_{nj} \theta_j$$

Collaborative-LinUCB

Parameter Estimation

$$\hat{\theta}_n = A_n^{-1} b_n$$

$$A_n = \lambda I + \sum_{m=1}^N W_{mn}^2 \sum_t x_{tm} x_{tm}^T$$

$$b_n = \sum_{m=1}^N W_{mn} \sum_t (x_{tm} y_{tm} - x_{tm} x_{tm}^T \sum_{j \neq n} W_{mj} \theta_j^U)$$

Make a choice

$$\arg \max_a (x_{tn}^T \sum_{j=1}^N \hat{\theta}_{nj} + \alpha \sqrt{x_{tn}^T \sum_{j=1}^N W_{nj} A_j^{-1} x_{tn}})$$

Performance Evaluation

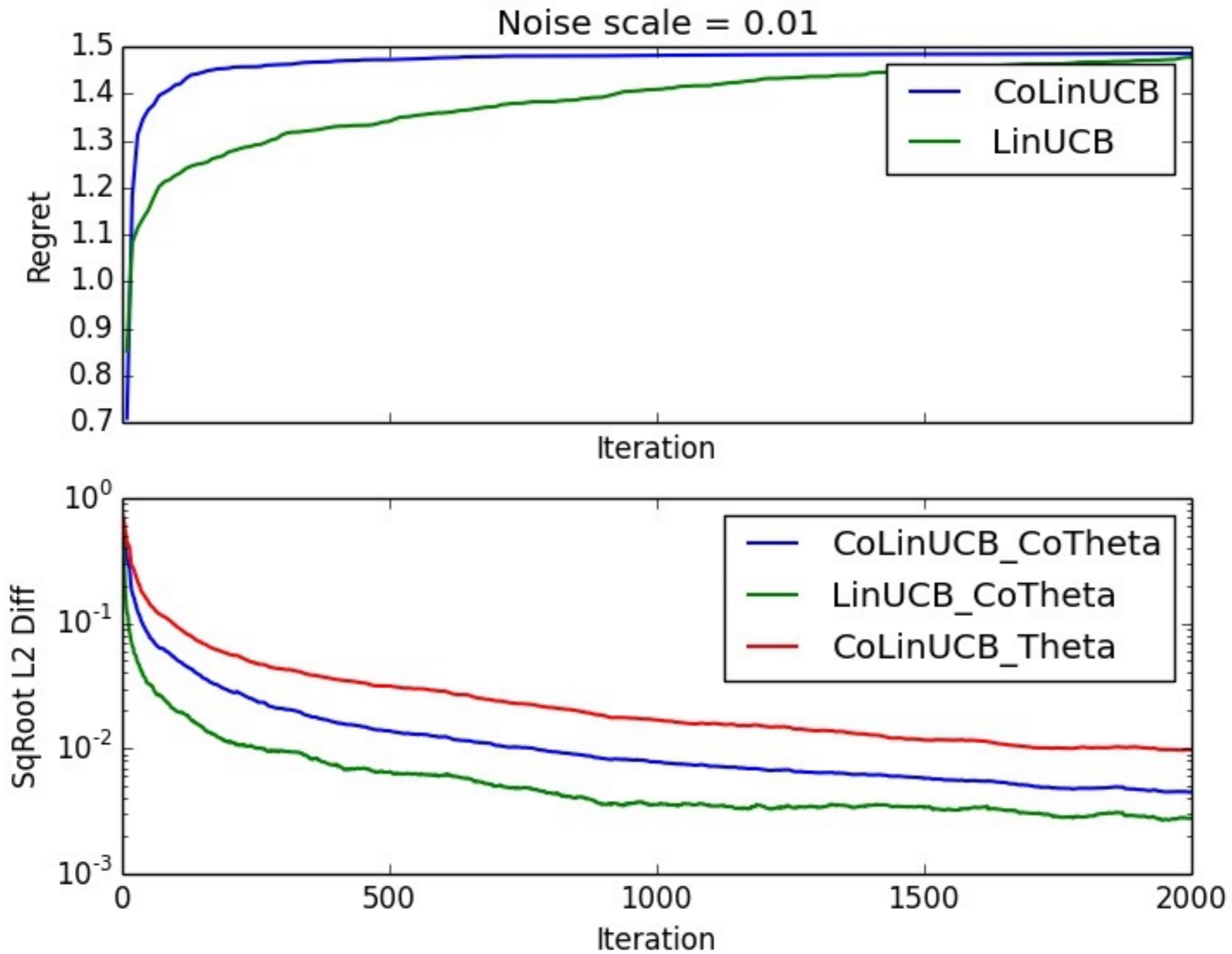
Measurement criteria

Regret

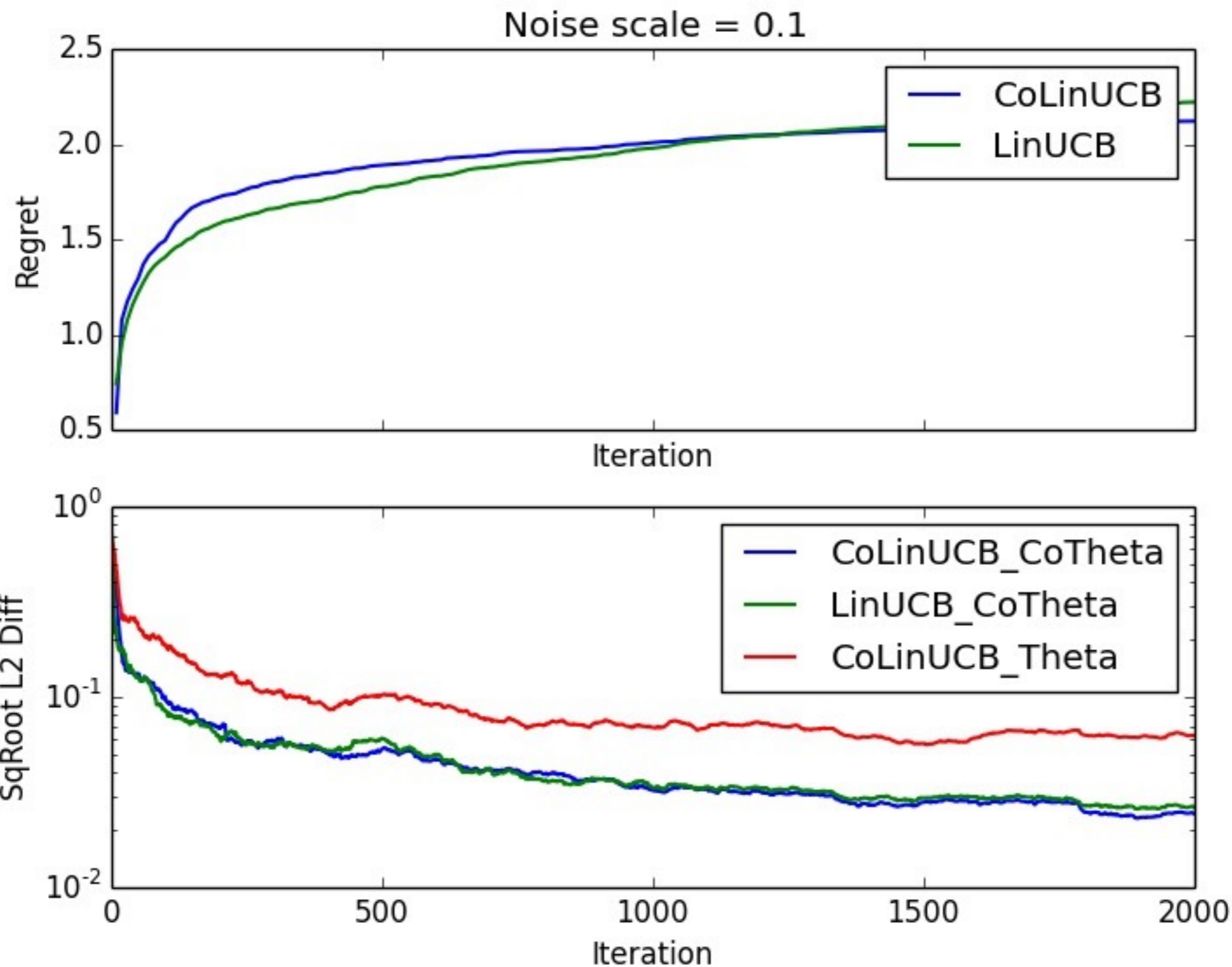


$$R_A(T) = E\left[\sum_t r_{t,a_t^*}\right] - E\left[\sum_t r_{t,a_t}\right]$$

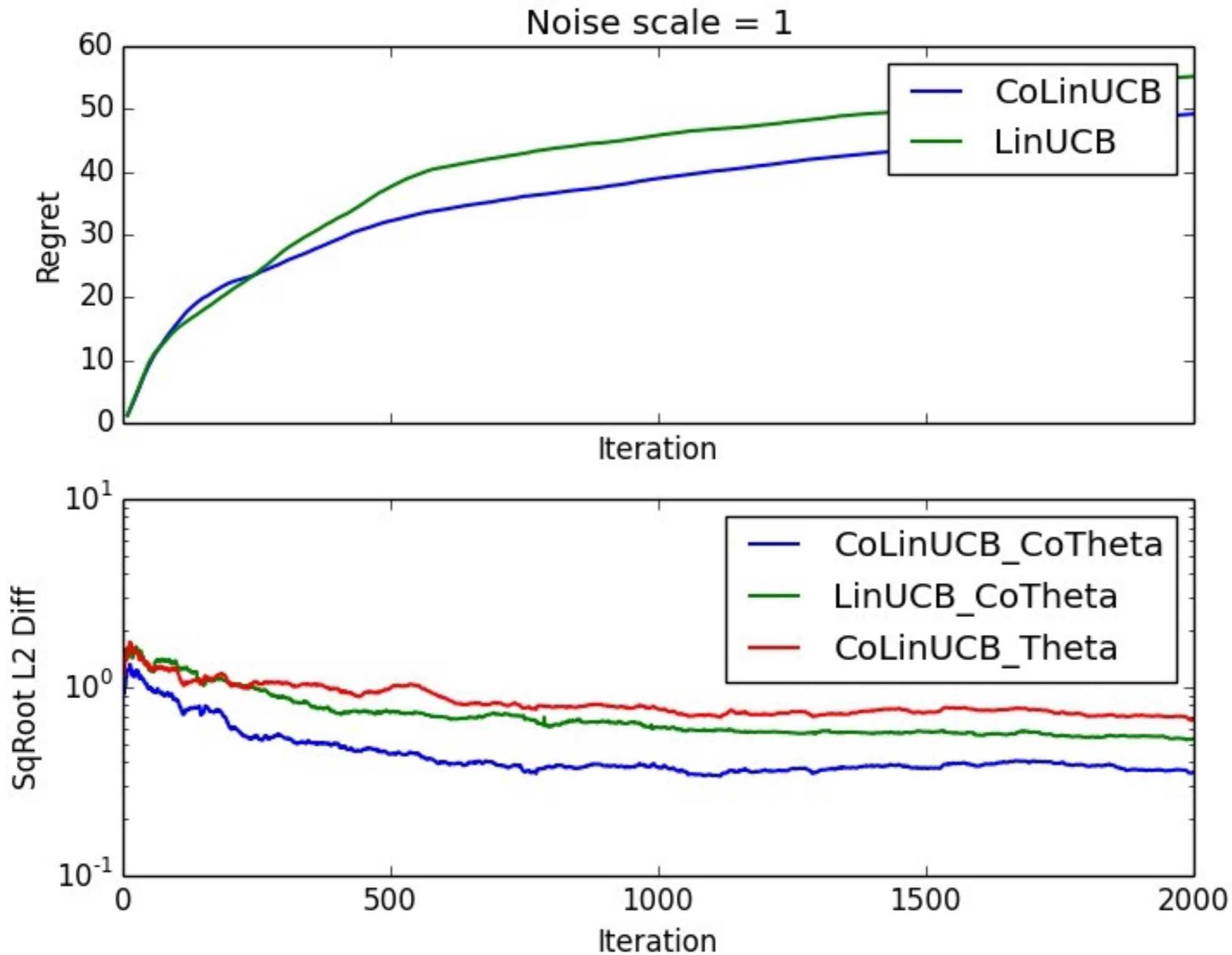
Performance Evaluation



Performance Evaluation



Performance Evaluation



Summary



CoLinUCB



UCB1



LinUCB



Q&A

