Name: $\qquad$ CompID: $\qquad$
CS 2102 - DMT1 - Fall 2019 - Luther Tychonievich
Administered in class friday october 4, 2019

## Quiz 05

Throughout this quiz, use quotes to delimit the ends of strings.
Write out the following in full.

1. $\{4,1\} \times\{1,2\}=$ $\qquad$
2. $\{4\} \times\{1,2\} \times\{3\}^{3}=$ $\qquad$
3. $\mathcal{P}\left(\})^{2}=\right.$ $\qquad$
4. Give two strings of length 3 belonging to $\{\text { " } \mathrm{a} \text { ", " } \mathrm{ok} \text { " }\}^{*}$ : $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
5. What is the longest subsequence* of "MATHEMATICS" that contains no vowels ${ }^{\dagger}$ ? $\qquad$
6. What is the image of $\{-1,0,1,2\}$ under $R(x)=x^{2}$ ? $\qquad$

For the following, assume the domain and codomain are $\mathbb{N}$ (i.e., the functions are defined only if both are in $\mathbb{N}$, and undefined for all other values)
7. Give an example function that is not total: $f(x)=$ $\qquad$
8. Give an example function that is total but not invertable: $f(x)=$ $\qquad$
9. Give the relation corresponding to the function $f(x)=3 x: R(a, b)$ : $\qquad$
10. Give an example relation that is not a function: $R(x, y)=$ $\qquad$

[^0]
[^0]:    *A subsequence is a sequence that can be derived from another sequence by deleting zero or more elements without changing the order of the remaining elements.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ The vowels in English are a, e, i, o, and u

