

What is Camputer Science?

What's so special about computers?



Toaster Science?



Let AB and CD be the two given numbers not relatively prime. It is required to find the greatest common measure of AB and CD.

If now *CD* measures *AB*, since it also measures itself, then *CD* is a common measure of *CD* and *AB*. And it is manifest that it is also the greatest, for no greater number than *CD* measures *CD*.

Euclid's Elements, Book VII, Proposition 2 (300BC)

The note on the *inflected* line is only difficult to you, *because it is so easy*. There is in fact nothing in it, but you think there must be some grand mystery hidden under that word *inflected*!

Whenever from any point without a given line, you draw a long to any point in the given line, you have inflected a line upon a given line.

Ada Byron (age 19), letter to Annabella Acheson (explaining Euclid), 1834



What is the difference between Euclid and Ada?



"It depends on what your definition of 'is' is." (Bill Clinton)

Geometry vs. Computer Science

Geometry (mathematics) is about declarative knowledge: "what is"

If now *CD* measures *AB*, since it also measures itself, then *CD* is a common measure of *CD* and *AB*

Computer Science is about *imperative* knowledge: "how to"

Computer Science

"How to" knowledge:

Ways of *describing* information processes (computations)

Ways of *predicting* properties of information processes

Ways of *executing* information processes

Language

Logic

Machines

Outline

What is Computer Science
Science, Engineering, Other?
Introduction to Information
Expectations for the Course

Science?

Real Science is about understanding nature through observation

About *real* things like bowling balls, black holes, antimatter, electrons, comets, etc.

Math and Computer Science are about *fake* things like numbers, graphs, functions, lists, etc.

Computer Science is a useful tool for *doing* real science, but not a real science

Science

Better view: there is lots of interesting computation in nature and we need computer science to understand it.

Science

Better view: there is lots of interesting computation in nature and we need computer science to understand it.







Plant Growth (ps3)

Evolution is an information process

How do brains compute?

Engineering?

"Engineering is **design under constraint**... Engineering is synthetic - it strives to create what can be, but it is constrained by nature, by cost, by concerns of safety, reliability, environmental impact, manufacturability, maintainability and many other such 'ilities.' ..."

William Wulf and George Fisher

Apollo Guidance Computer, 1969



1 Cubic Foot

Why did they need to fit the guidance computer in the rocket?

You will understand this

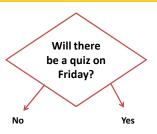
if you don't now

notation soon...but don't worry

Measuring Computers

bit = smallest unit of information

If we start with 2 possible choices, and get one bit of information, we can eliminate one of the choices.



How much power?

Apollo Computer: 61440 bits of changeable memory Machines today have (at least) 1 GB (RAM)

- 1 Gigabyte = 1024 Megabytes,
 - 1 Megabyte = 1024 Kilobytes,
 - 1 Kilobyte = 1024 Bytes,
 - 1 Byte = 8 bits

> (* 1024 1024 1024 8)

8589934592

~ 8.6 Billion bits

> (round (/ (* 1024 1024 1024 8) 61440))

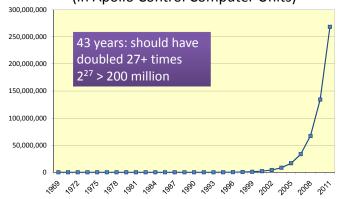
139810

You have 139 810 times more power than AGC

If Apollo Guidance Computer power is 1 inch, you have 2.2 miles!

Computing Power 1969-2011

(in Apollo Control Computer Units)



Constraints Computer Scientists Face

Not like those for engineers (weight, physics, etc.) If 4 Million times what NASA had in 1969 isn't enough for you, wait until 2014 and you will have 8 Million times...

More like those for Musicians and Poets: Imagination and Creativity Complexity of what we can understand

So, what is computer science?

Science not about Real things

Engineering
no real constrainte

Liberal Art

Liberal Arts: ~1100

Illiberal Arts

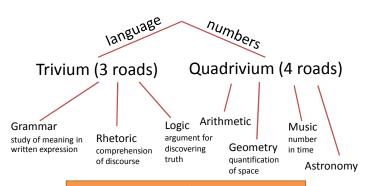
arts for the non-free: pursued for economic reasons

Liberal Arts

arts for the free: pursued for intrinsic reasons



The Liberal Arts



Outline

What is Computer Science Science, Engineering, Other? Introduction to Information

About the Course

First main theme: Recursive Definitions

A Course for Everyone!

CLAS, SEAS, Commerce, Arch, etc. Pre-College, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th Years, Community Scholars, University Professors No computing background expected...but challenging even for students with lots of previous programming experience (Future) Computer Science majors...but worthwhile even if you don't take another CS course

Help Available

Me: David Evans (Call me "Dave" or "Coach")

Office: Olsson 236A

Tomorrow (Thursday): 4-5:30pm Office "Packing" Hours Regular office hours will be scheduled after (most of) you submit: http://www.whenisgood.net/cs1120

Post questions on the course blog

Personal questions email, if I don't reply in 24 hours

send again and complain

Assistant coaches (next slide and Friday) Your classmates (read the course pledge carefully!)



First Help Hours

Tomorrow (Thursday), Thorton Stacks, 4:30-6:30pm



Jiamin Chen



Jonathan Burket

Course Book



Available free on-line, but **print for reading!**

From: Textbook <textbook@virginia.edu> To: <dee2b@Virginia.EDU>

Dear Professor Evans,

I have just spoken to Createspace. The textbook title '**INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTING 'is not released for distribution. We are unable to purchase this title. The author has the same name. Are you him? Can you please let us know what we can do so we can obtain the materials needed for your class? Let us know if there are any questions that you may have.

Thank you

Cindy Garwood

Textbook Department
University of Virginia Bookst
434-924-4253

Subject: Re: CS 1120

From: David Evans <evans@virginia.edu>
To: Textbook <textbook@virginia.edu>

Yes, I am the author. Apparently, I need to increase the list price for you to be able to be able to buy it through your channels. (And they wonder why textbooks are overpriced!) I will do this temporarily, but let me know when you've finished, so I can reduce it again.

Thanks.

- Dave

Subject: Re: CS 1120 From: Textbook <textbook@virginia.edu> To: David Evans <evans@virginia.edu>

Dear Professor Evans,

I will be going online in just a couple of minutes. Have you increased the price so we may purchase it for your students?

Thank you Cindy

In return for a free book...

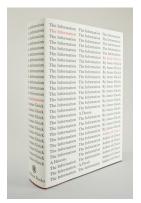
Feedback

Things that are hard to understand
Parts that are boring to read
Any mistakes (including simple writing errors, but especially any technical errors)

Solutions to exercises

Shameless publicity: Amazon reviews, HackerNews posts, etc.

Reading Book



James Gleick, The Information: A History, a Theory, a Flood (March 2011)

Non-technical, required reading

Course Website/Blog

http://www.cs.virginia.edu/cs1120

Everything goes on the web, visit it often or subscribe to RSS feeds

Register to submit comments (or post anonymously)

If you send me a question that should be posted on the blog by email, my response will be to asked you to post it on the blog and I'll answer it there.

First main theme: Recursive Definitions

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What's the longest word in the English language?

Longest Words?

honorificabilitudinitatibus (27 letters, longest by Shakespeare) With honor.

antidisestablishmentarianism (28 letters)

Movement against division of church and state.

hippopotomonstrosesquipedaliophobia (35 letters)

Fear of long words.

pneumonoultramicroscopicsilicovolcanoconiosis (45 letters) (longest word in most dictionaries)

Lung disease contracted from volcanic particles.

Like all words, these words are "made up".

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Making Longer Words

antihippopotomonstrosesquipedaliophobia

Against the fear of long words.

antiantihippopotomonstrosesquipedaliophobia

Against a thing against the fear of long words.

Language is Recursive

No matter what word you think is the longest word, I can always make up a longer one!

word ::= anti-word

By itself, this definition of word is circular.

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Zero, One, Infinity

word ::= anti-word

This rule can make 0 words.

word ::= hippopotomonstrosesquipedaliophobia

This rule can make 1 word.

word ::= anti-word

WORD ::= hippopotomonstrosesquipedaliophobia

These two rules can make **infinitely** many words, enough to express all ideas in the universe!

Recursive Definitions

We can define things in terms of themselves Recursive definitions are not circular: they eventually end with something real

word ::= anti-word

 $word ::= {\bf hippopotomonstrose squiped a liophobia}$

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Recursive Definitions

Allow us to express infinitely many things starting with a few.

This is really powerful!

We will see **lots** of examples in this course.

Charge

Tomorrow

4-5:30pm, Office "Packing" HoursOlsson 236A (pick up course book)4:30-6:30pm, Assistant Coaches - Thorton StacksJonathan Burket, Jiamin Chen

Before Friday's class:

Read and sign course pledge Read Course Book Chapters 1 and 2

Before 5:59pm Sunday: submit PS0 (getting started with Racket, Course Registration)

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